SQL Schema

Table: Books

+----------------+---------+

| Column Name | Type |

+----------------+---------+

| book\_id | int |

| name | varchar |

| available\_from | date |

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book\_id is the primary key of this table.

Table: Orders

+----------------+---------+

| Column Name | Type |

+----------------+---------+

| order\_id | int |

| book\_id | int |

| quantity | int |

| dispatch\_date | date |

+----------------+---------+

order\_id is the primary key of this table.

book\_id is a foreign key to the Books table.

Write an SQL query that reports the **books** that have sold **less than 10** copies in the last year, excluding books that have been available for less than 1 month from today. **Assume today is 2019-06-23**.

The query result format is in the following example:

Books table:

+---------+--------------------+----------------+

| book\_id | name | available\_from |

+---------+--------------------+----------------+

| 1 | "Kalila And Demna" | 2010-01-01 |

| 2 | "28 Letters" | 2012-05-12 |

| 3 | "The Hobbit" | 2019-06-10 |

| 4 | "13 Reasons Why" | 2019-06-01 |

| 5 | "The Hunger Games" | 2008-09-21 |

+---------+--------------------+----------------+

Orders table:

+----------+---------+----------+---------------+

| order\_id | book\_id | quantity | dispatch\_date |

+----------+---------+----------+---------------+

| 1 | 1 | 2 | 2018-07-26 |

| 2 | 1 | 1 | 2018-11-05 |

| 3 | 3 | 8 | 2019-06-11 |

| 4 | 4 | 6 | 2019-06-05 |

| 5 | 4 | 5 | 2019-06-20 |

| 6 | 5 | 9 | 2009-02-02 |

| 7 | 5 | 8 | 2010-04-13 |

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Result table:

+-----------+--------------------+

| book\_id | name |

+-----------+--------------------+

| 1 | "Kalila And Demna" |

| 2 | "28 Letters" |

| 5 | "The Hunger Games" |

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